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7 April 1993

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

LETTER DATED 6 APRIL 1993 FROM THE CHARGE D'AFFAIRES, A.I.
OF THE PERMANENT MISSION OF ITALY TO THE UNITED NATIONS
ADDRESSED TO THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

I have the honour to transmit to you the text of a Declaration on the implementation of the United Nations sanctions on the former Yugoslavia, issued by the Western European Union on the occasion of the Council of Ministers which took place in Luxembourg on 5 April 1993.

I would be grateful if the text could be circulated as a document of the Security Council.

(Signed) Mario SCIALOJA
Chargé d'affaires a.i.

Annex

[Original: English/French]

Declaration issued on 5 April 1993 by the Council of Ministers of the Western European Union concerning the implementation of the United Nations sanctions on the former Yugoslavia

1. The WEU Council of Ministers held an extraordinary meeting, following on their discussions in Rome in November 1992, to discuss this crucial phase of the situation in former Yugoslavia and in particular the conflict in Bosnia-Herzegovina. Representatives of Bulgaria, Hungary and Romania, the CSCE Presidency, the CSCE Sanctions Coordinator and the EC Commission attended, as observers, this meeting which was devoted to sanctions implementation on the Danube. Representatives of the EC Presidency and the Secretary-General of NATO also attended as observers.

2. With a view to supporting the efforts of the European Community, the United Nations and the International Conference on Former Yugoslavia at this decisive stage of the negotiations aiming at the acceptance of the Vance-Owen Peace Plan by all parties in Bosnia-Herzegovina, Ministers reaffirmed their determination to contribute significantly to the implementation of the provisions of the United Nations Security Council resolutions 787, 757 and 713 and of the measures contained in those resolutions.

3. Ministers welcomed the efforts of the riparian States to meet their obligations under the above-mentioned United Nations Security Council resolutions but noted with concern that, despite these efforts, sanctions enforcement on the Danube still required strengthening.

4. WEU Ministers therefore offered their concrete support to the riparian States by means of the organization of a police and customs operation on the Danube to which WEU countries would contribute appropriate resources. This offer is based on three guiding principles - that the operation will be:

- Based on relevant United Nations Security Council resolutions, in particular resolution 787 of 16 November 1992, in connection with resolutions 713 and 757;

- An extension of efforts already being deployed by the CSCE and the European Community and its member States;

- In support of the riparian States responsible for adopting the requisite measures to ensure compliance with the embargo on the Danube.

5. WEU Ministers welcomed the support given by the CSCE to the WEU plan and looked forward to the effective coordination of the EC, CSCE and WEU efforts to enforce United Nations Security Council resolutions.

6. The organization of the police and customs operation offered by WEU would be based on a system of coordinated control areas upstream and downstream of the

Serbian border with the aim of ensuring the effective implementation of the embargo on the Danube. This would involve joint teams of police and customs officers from WEU countries and the riparian States operating from fast patrol boats to carry out additional controls in support of those of the riparian States.

7. The WEU Council of Ministers welcomed the support given by the riparian States and looked forward to further consultations on this issue. They hoped that the police and customs operation could start as soon as possible in order to ensure the full implementation of the relevant United Nations Security Council resolutions and thus to make a positive contribution to reaching a solution to the crisis in former Yugoslavia, in full complementarity with the peace process which is being pursued in other forums.

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GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Forty-eighth session
Item 71 of the provisional agenda*
GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT

SECURITY COUNCIL
Forty-eighth year

Letter dated 7 April 1993 from the Permanent Representative of Costa Rica addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to send you the attached Declaration of the Government of Costa Rica relating to the resolution adopted on 1 April by the Board of Governors of the International Atomic Energy Agency, which agreed to report to the United Nations Security Council the refusal of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to permit nuclear inspection and its failure to comply with the nuclear safeguards agreement.

I would be very grateful if you could arrange to have this document circulated as an official document of the General Assembly under item 71 of the provisional agenda, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Cristian TATTENBACH
Ambassador
Permanent Representative

* A/48/50.

ANNEX

Declaration of the Government of Costa Rica

"The Government of Costa Rica urges North Korea to agree to nuclear inspection by the International Atomic Energy Agency and to revoke its decision to withdraw from the Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty as soon as possible in recognition of the fact that that is the wish of the international community."